## **CEU - DE4 - Homework assignment**

By Lisa Lang (1902224)

Instance id: i-0090fe4e8582b9d3a

# Stream processing application

7<sup>th</sup> April 2020

## **INSTRUCTIONS**

Create a stream processing application using the AWR.Kinesis R package's daemon + Redis to record the overall amount of coins exchanged on Binance (per symbol) in the most recent micro-batch.

Create a Jenkins job that reads from this Redis cache and prints the overall value (in USD) of the transactions -- based on the coin prices reported by the Binance API at the time of request.

Create at least two more additional charts that display a metric you find meaningful, and report in the "#bots-final-project" Slack channel.

Make sure to clean-up your EC2 nodes, security groups, keys etc created in the past weeks.

#### **GOALS**

The goal of this assignment is to confirm that the students have a general understanding on how to build data pipelines using Amazon Web Services and R, and can actually implement a stream processing application (either running in almost real-time or batched/scheduled way) in practice.

#### **DELIVERY METHOD**

Create a PDF document that describes your solution and all the main steps involved with low level details: attach screenshots (including the URL nav bar and the date/time widget of your OS, so like full-screen and not area-picked screenshots) of your browser showing what you are doing in RStudio Server or eg Jenkins, make sure that the code you wrote is either visible on the screenshots, or included in the PDF. The minimal amount of screenshots are: EC2 creation, R code shown in your RStudio Server, Jenkins job config page, Jenkins job output, Slack channel notifications.

STOP the EC2 Instance you worked on, but don't terminate it, so we can start it and check how it works.

Submission Deadline: Midnight (CET) on April 19, 2020

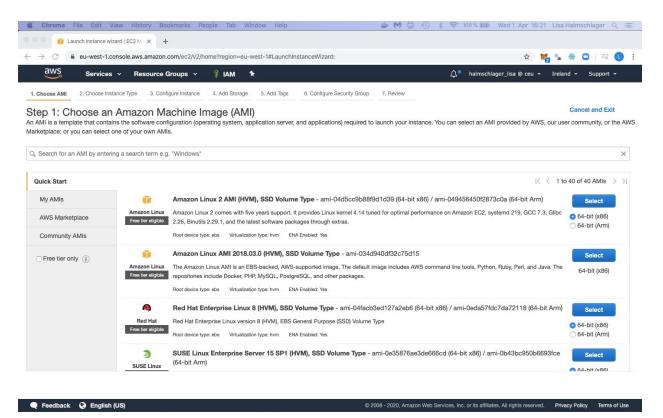
### **RESULTS**

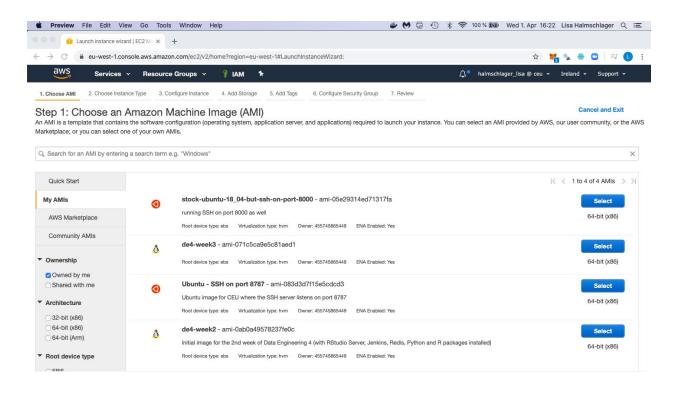
#### EC2 creation

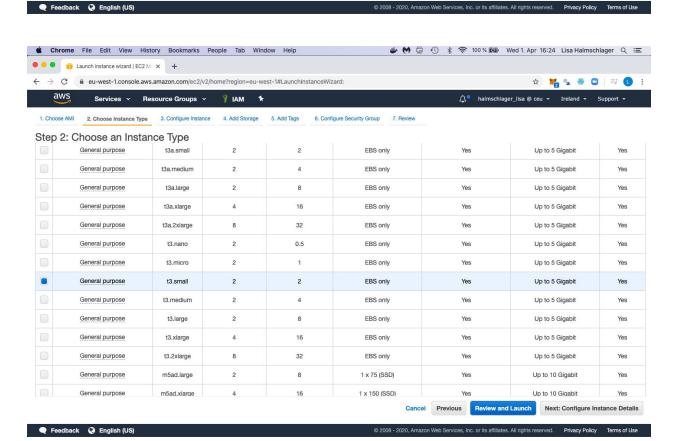
- I logged into the central CEU AWS account: <a href="https://ceu.signin.aws.amazon.com/console">https://ceu.signin.aws.amazon.com/console</a> using 2FA.
- I used the **Ireland** region
- I went to the EC2 console and created/launched a new t3.small instance using the de4-week3 Amazon Machine Image (AMI), the gergely-week2 EC2 IAM role, and a new security group with the name DE4-1902224-sc where I opened up the 22 (ssh), 80 (web), 8000 (alternate ssh), 8787 (rstudio) and 8080 (jenkins) ports.

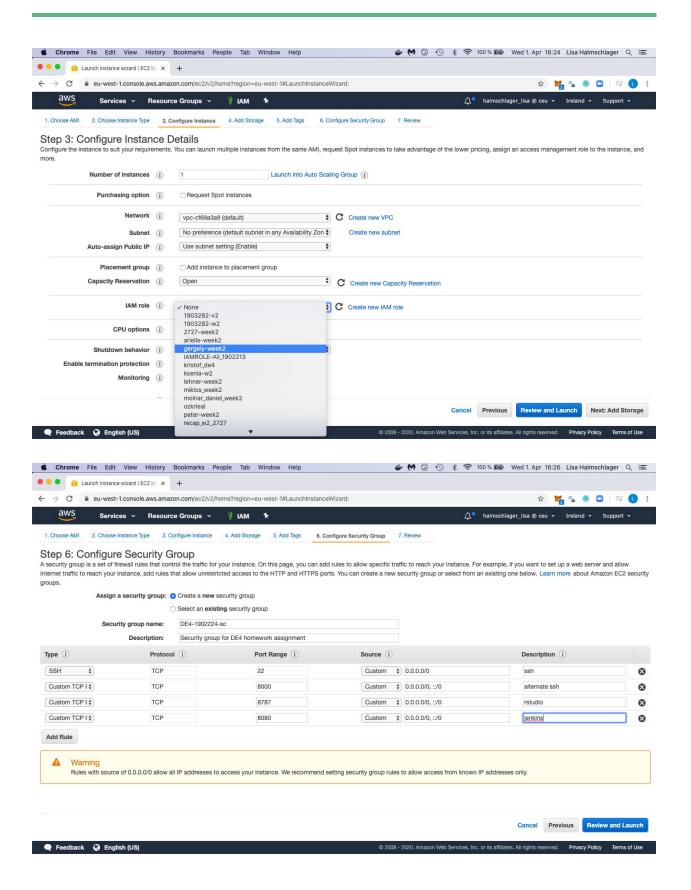
The de4-week3 Amazon Machine Image allows me to spin up an EC2 node with RStudio Server, Shiny Server, Jenkins, Redis and Docker installed & pre-configured along with the most often used R packages (including the ones we used for stream processing, eg botor, AWR.Kinesis and the binancer package).

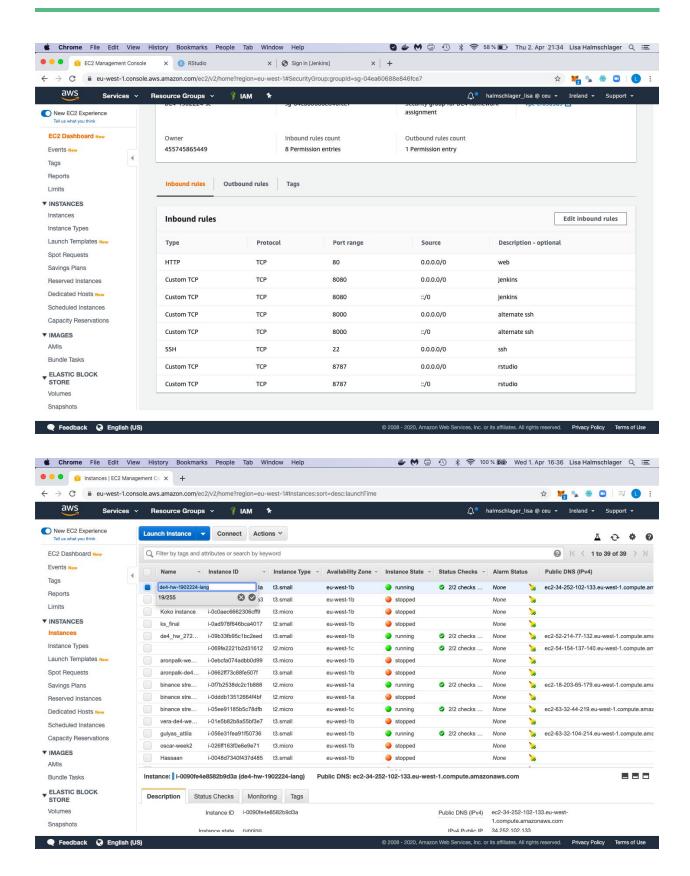
The gergely-week2 EC2 IAM role gives me full access to Kinesis, Dynamodb, Cloudwatch and encrypt/decrypt access to the "all-the-keys" **KMS** key.









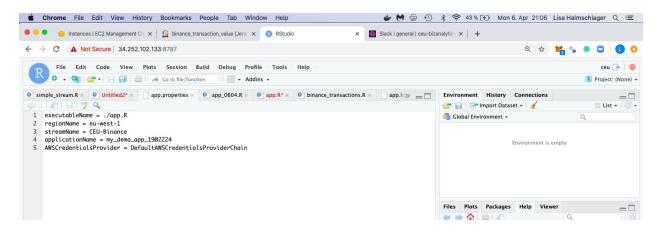


# R code in my RStudio Server

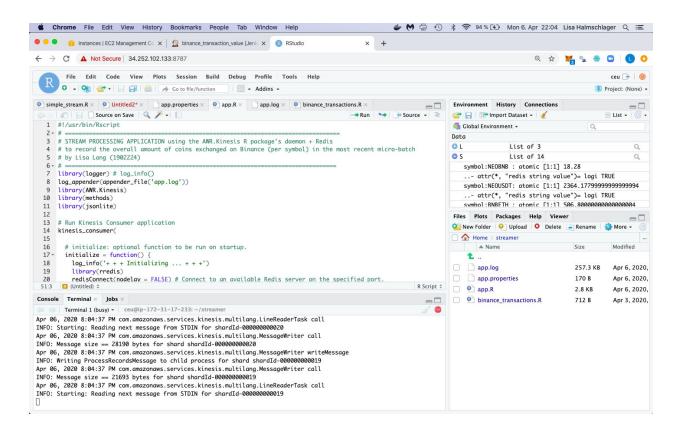
I created three R scripts to get some data from the stream via the **AWS Java SDK** that interacts with our Kinesis stream "CEU-Binance" and to process it further.

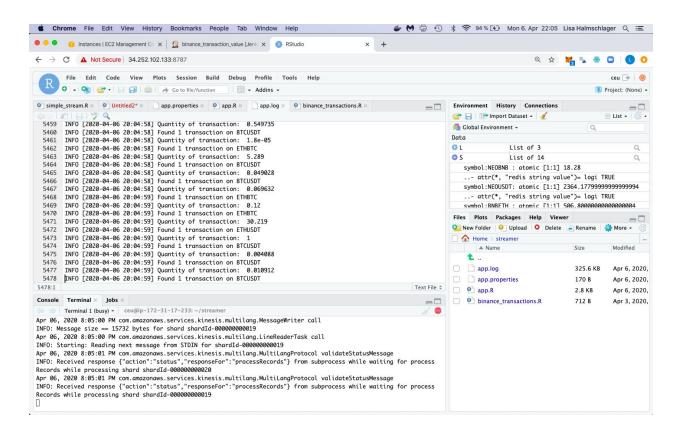
- I logged in to **RStudio** using the new instance's public IP address (34.252.102.133) and 8787 port and the given credentials.
- I created a new folder for the scripts: streamer.
- I created a new text file within that subfolder called app.properties, that includes code to store the configurable parameters of my application.
- I created an R script within that subfolder called app.R that reads data from the CEU-Binance stream and stores it in a **Redis Database** (key-value pair). The quantities recorded are incremented with every new read.
- I converted the R script into an executable using the Terminal.
- Then I ran the app in the Terminal.
- I create an R script called binance\_transactions.R that reads in the quantities of transactions from the Redis cache and prints the overall value (in USD) of the transactions, based on the coin prices reported by the Binance API at the time of request. It also creates two charts: A bar chart showing the transaction value in USD per cryptocurrency and a bar chart showing the transaction value per currency-pair.

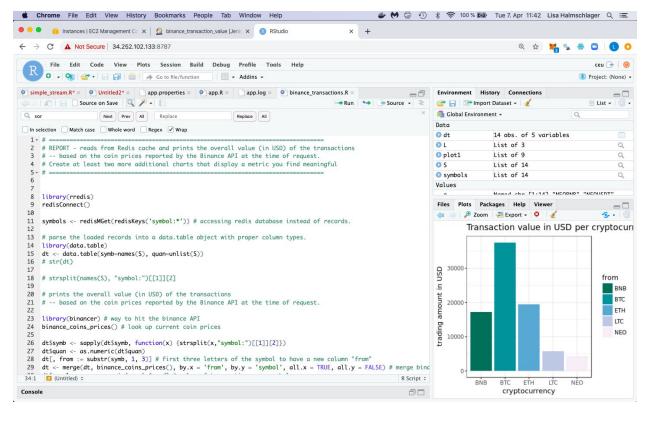
The value of transactions and bar charts are sent to #bots-final-project slack channel.



```
File Edit Code View Plots Session Build Debug Profile Tools Help
  simple_stream.R* × Untitled2* × app.properties × app.R* × app.log × binance_transactions.R* ×
              ☐ Source on Save Q / .
   1 #!/usr/bin/Rscript
   # STREAM PROCESSING APPLICATION using the AWR.Kinesis R package's daemon + Redis
# to record the overall amount of coins exchanged on Binance (per symbol) in the most recent micro-batch
# by Lisa Lang (1902224)
  7 library(logger) # log_info()
8 log_appender(appender_file('app.log'))
9 library(AMR.Kinesis)
10 library(methods)
  11 library(jsonlite)
  13 # Run Kinesis Consumer application
  14 kinesis_consumer(
           # initialize: optional function to be run on startup.
  16
          initialize = function() {
  log_info('+ + + Initializing ... + + +')
  18
              library(rredis)
redisConnect(nodelay = FALSE) # Connect to an available Redis server on the specified port.
log_info('+ + + Connected to Redis + + + ')
  19
20
  21
22
23
          3.
  24
25
26 -
27
          \# processRecords: function to process records taking a data.frame object with partitionKey, \# sequenceNumber and data columns as the records argument. processRecords = function(records) {
             log_info(paste('Received', nrow(records), 'records from Kinesis'))
for (record in records$data) {
   symbol <- fromJSON(record)$s
  29
  30
31
                log_info(paste('Found 1 transaction on', symbol))
  32
33
34
                \label{eq:quantity} $$ = as.numeric(fromJSON(record) q) $$ $$ amount of coins exchanged (quantity) $$ log_info(paste('Quantity of transaction: ', quantity)) $$
  35
36
37
                 # redisIncr(paste('symbol', symbol, sep = ':')) # redisIncr increments the Redis string value corresponding to the specified key by one.
redisIncrByFloat(paste('symbol', symbol, sep = ':'), quantity)
  38
39
           # updater: optional list of list(s) including frequency (in minutes) and function to be run,
  40
           # most likely to update some objects in the parent or global namespace populated first in the initialize call.
# If the frequency is smaller than how long the processRecords call runs,
  41
42
  43
44
           # it will be triggered once after each processRecords call
           # shutdown: optional function to be run when finished processing all records in a shard
  45
           shutdown = function()
log_info('Bye'),
  46
47
  48
           # checkpointing: if set to TRUE (default), kinesis_consumer will checkpoint after each processRecords call.
# To disable checkpointing altogether, set this to FALSE.
# If you want to checkpoint periodically, set this to the frequency in minutes as integer.
  51
52
           checkpointing = 1,
  53
          # logfile: file path of the log file. To disable logging, set flog.threshold to something high
logfile = 'app.log')
 10:17 [3] (Untitled) ©
```







```
    ● simple_stream.R* ×
    ● Untitled2* ×
    app.properties ×
    ● app.R ×
    app.log ×
    ● binance_transactions.R* ×

            Run Source -
         # REPORT - reads from Redis cache and prints the overall value (in USD) of the transactions
# -- based on the coin prices reported by the Binance API at the time of request.
# Create at least two more additional charts that display a metric you find meaningful
        library(rredis)
        symbols <- redisMGet(redisKeys('symbol:*')) # accessing redis database instead of records.
            parse the loaded records into a data.table object with proper column types.
        library(data.table)
dt <- data.table(symb=names(symbols), quan=unlist(symbols))</pre>
         # prints the overall value (in USD) of the transactions -- based on the coin prices reported by the Binance API at the time of request.
  15 # prints the overall value (in USD) of the transactions -- based on the coin prices reported by the Binance API at the time of request.

16 library(binancer) # way to hit the binance API

17 dtSsymb <- sapply(dtSsymb, function(x) {strsplit(x, "symbol:")[[1]][2]})

18 dtSquan <- as.numeric(dtSquan)

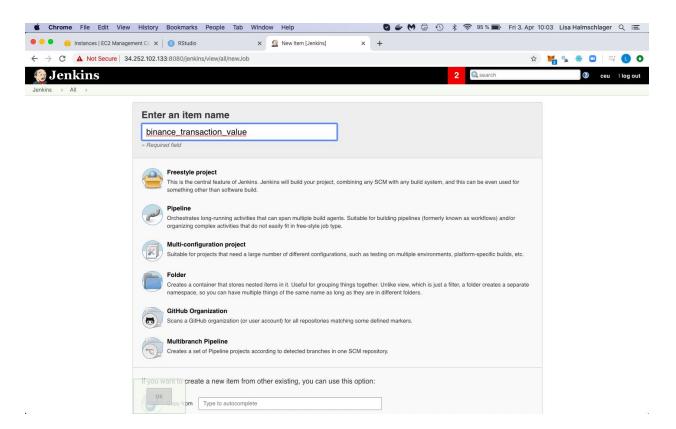
19 dt[, from := substr(symb, 1, 3)] # first three letters of the symbol to have a new column "from"

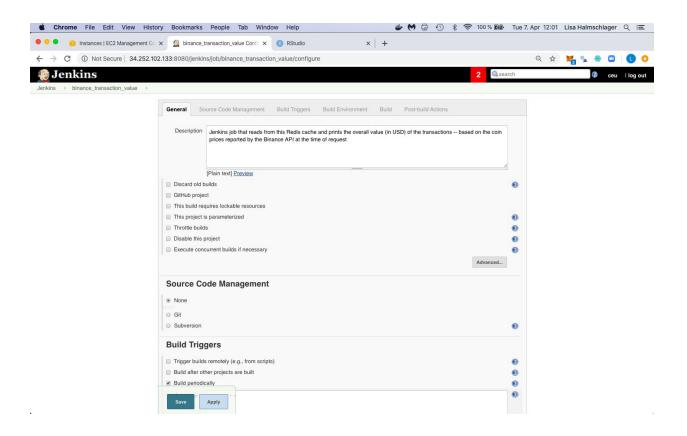
20 dt <- merge(dt, binance.coins.prices(), by.x = 'from', by.y = 'symbol', all.x = TRUE, all.y = FALSE) # merge binance coin prices to this guy; so I know the cost for the given symbol

21 dt[, value := as.numeric(quan) * usd] # value of transactions per symbol
   23 print(paste0("Overall value of transactions: US$ ", prettyNum(sum(dt$value), big.mark = ".", decimal.mark = ",")))
         # Create at least two more additional charts that display a metric you find meaningful
   25
26
27
28
29
30
         library(ggplot2)
plot1 <-
          plot1 <-
ggplot(data = dt,mapping = aes(x = from, y = round(quan))) +
geom_bar(stat = "identity", aes(fill = from)) +
theme_bw() +</pre>
                scale_fill_brewer(palette = 10, direction = -1) +
   31
                                              action value in USD per cryptocurrency", x = "cryptocurrency", y = "trading amount in USD")
   34 plot2 <-
            lot2 <-
graphot(data = dt[order(dt§value),], mapping = aes(x = reorder(symb, quan), y = round(quan))) +
geom_bar(stat = "identity", aes(fill = from)) +
theme_bm() +
scale_fill_brewer(palette = 10, direction = -1) +
labs(title = "value of trades per currency-pair", x = "cryptocurrency trades from to", y = "trading amount in USD")
coord_flip()
   38
   39
   40
      library(slackr)
   48
         slackr_setup(username = 'lisa', api_token = token, icon_emoji = ':information_source:')
  31 # seno message
52 msg < sprintf(':INFO: The current transaction value is: $%s', prettyNum(sum(dt$value), big.mark = ".", decimal.mark = ","))
53 text_slackr(text = msg, preformatted = FALSE, channel = '#bots-final-project')
54 ggslackr(plot = plot1, channels = '#bots-final-project', width = 15)
55 ggslackr(plot = plot2, channels = '#bots-final-project', width = 15)
```

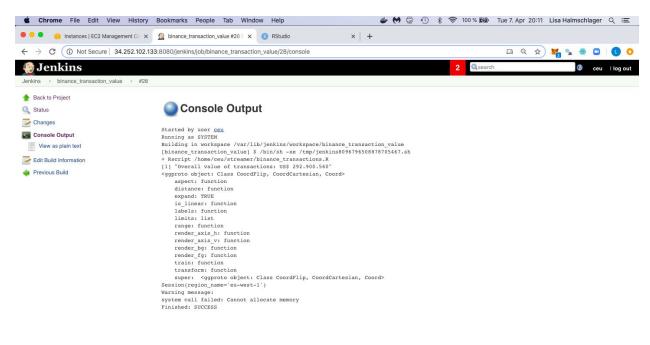
# Jenkins job config page

- I logged in to **Jenkins** http://my.ip.address:8080/jenkins and the given credentials.
- I created a Jenkins job to check on the transactions following these steps:
  - New item
  - Enter name of job
  - Pick freestyle project
  - Add "Build periodically": \* \* \* \* \* for execution every minute
  - Add build step "Execute shell"
  - Enter command: Rscript /home/ceu/streamer/binance\_transactions.R
  - Run the job ("Build now")

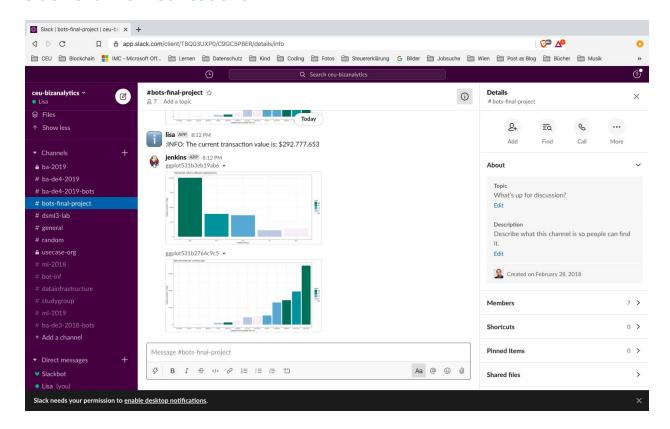




# Jenkins job output



#### Slack channel notifications



# Cleaning

Make sure to clean-up your EC2 nodes, security groups, keys etc created in the past weeks

- I stopped my instance(s)
- I deleted my unused security groups
- I deleted my unused key pairs

#### **GLOSSARY**

**Amazon AWS** stands for Amazon Web Services that provides on-demand cloud computing platforms and APIs to individuals, companies, and governments, on a metered pay-as-you-go basis.

**Amazon Machine Image (AMI)** is a special type of virtual appliance. It is used to create a virtual machine within the Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud. The main component of an AMI is a read-only filesystem image that includes an operating system (e.g., Linux, Unix, or Windows) and any additional software required to deliver a service or a portion of it.

**AWS EC2** or Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud provides scalable computing capacity in the Amazon Web Services (AWS) cloud. You can use Amazon EC2 to launch as many or as few virtual servers as you need, configure security and networking, and manage storage.

**AWS IAM role** is used in AWS Identity and Access Management. You can use roles to manage permissions, for example delegate access to users, applications, or services that don't normally have access to your AWS resources.

**AWS Java SDK** (software development kit) provides a Java API for Amazon Web Services. Using the SDK, you can easily build Java applications that work with Amazon S3, Amazon EC2, Amazon SimpleDB, and more.

**AWS Key Management Service (KMS)** is an Amazon Web Services product that allows administrators to create, delete and control keys that encrypt data stored in AWS databases and products. AWS KMS can be accessed within AWS Identity and Access Management by selecting the "Encryption Keys" section or by using the AWS KMS command-line interface or software development kit.

**AWS Security group** is associated with an EC2 instances and provides security at the protocol and port access level. Each security group — working much the same way as a firewall — contains a set of rules that filter traffic coming into and out of an EC2 instance.

**CEU-Binance stream** provides access to the real-time order data from the Binance cryptocurrency exchange on Bitcoin (BTC), Ethereum (ETH), Litecoin (LTC), Neo (NEO), Binance Coin (BNB) and Tether (USDT) -- including the attributes of each transaction as specified at <a href="https://github.com/binance-exchange/binance-official-api-docs/blob/master/web-socket-streams">https://github.com/binance-exchange/binance-official-api-docs/blob/master/web-socket-streams</a>. md#trade-streams

**Jenkins** is a free and open source automation server. It helps automate the parts of software development related to building, testing, and deploying, facilitating continuous integration and continuous delivery.

**Redis** is an in-memory data structure project implementing a distributed, in-memory key-value database with optional durability. It is used as a database, cache and message broker.

**Slack** is a proprietary instant messaging platform.